Case 2:22-mj-30031-DUTY ECF No. 1, PageID.1 Filed 01/19/22 Page 1 of 26

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

JAN 19 2022

CLERK'S OFFICE

DETROIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff

V.

3 Case No. 22-30021 Originating No.21CR00521

ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON,	
Defendant.	

# GOVERNMENT'S PETITION FOR TRANSFER OF DEFENDANT TO ANOTHER DISTRICT AND SUPPORTING BRIEF

Pursuant to Rule 5(c)(3)(D) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, the United States of America hereby petitions the Court for an order transferring defendant **ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON**, to answer to charges pending in another federal district, and states:

1. On <u>January 19, 2022,</u> defendant appeared voluntarily in the Eastern District Michigan in connection with a federal arrest warrant issued in the <u>Central District of California based on an Indictment</u>. Defendant is charged in that district with violation of <u>18 USC Sections 1329, 1030(a)(2)(c), 1028(a) – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud, Unauthorized Access to a Protected Computer to Obtain Information and Aggravated Identity Theft.</u>

2. Rule 5 requires this Court to determine whether defendant is the person named in the arrest warrant and is entitled to a preliminary examination as described in Paragraph One above. See Fed. R. Crim. P. 5(c)(3)(D)(ii).

WHEREFORE, the government requests this Court to conduct transfer proceedings in accordance with Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Respectfully submitted,

DAWN N. ISON United States Attorney

s/David Portelli
DAVID PORTELLI
Assistant U.S. Attorney
211 W. Fort Street, Suite 2001
Detroit, MI 48226
(313) 226-9100

Dated: January 19, 2022

UNITED STATES I CENTRAL DISTRIC	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	CASE NUMBER:
Plaintiff(s)	2:21-CR-00521-1
vs	
Anthony Joseph Carlson	WARRANT FOR ARREST
Defendant(s)	
TO: UNITED STATES MARSHAL AND ANY AUTHO	ORIZED UNITED STATES OFFICER
	seph Carlson and bring him forthwith to the nearest Magistrate Information ☑ Order of Court ☐ Violation Petition  SE BELOW)  3148
Kiry K. Gray	
NAME OF ISSUING OFFICER  Clerk of Court  TITLE OF ISSUING OFFICER  SIGNATURE OF DEPUTICLERK	January 19, 2022, at Los Angles, CA  DATE AND LOCATION OF ISSLETINCE  By:  NAME OF JUDICIAL OFFICER
RET	URN
THIS WARRANT WAS RECEIVED AND EXECUTED WITH THE ARREST OF THE ABOVE-NAMED D	EFENDANT AT (LOCATION):
DATE RECEIVED	NAME OF ARRESTING OFFICER
DATE OF ARREST	TITLE
DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION FOR DEFENDANT CONTAINED ON PAGE TWO	SIGNATURE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

PS 8 (Rev. 1/19)

### United States District Court

FILED
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT

1/19/2022

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
BY: KSS DEFUTY

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

U.S.A. VS. Anthony Joseph Carlson

Docket No.:

2:21-CR-00521-PA-1

#### Petition for Action on Conditions of Pretrial Release (Warrant Request)

COMES NOW JEFFREY THOMASON, ACTING CHIEF PROBATION & PRETRIAL SERVICES OFFICER OF THE COURT, presenting an official report upon the conduct and attitude of <u>Anthony Joseph Carlson</u>, who was placed under pretrial release supervision by the Honorable <u>ALEXANDER F. MACKINNON</u>, sitting in the Court at <u>Los Angeles</u>, <u>California</u>, on the <u>8th</u> day of <u>December</u>, <u>2021</u>, under the General Conditions of Release and additional conditions as listed on the attached District Court's Release Order and Bond Form (CR-1).

#### RESPECTFULLY PRESENTING PETITION FOR ACTION OF COURT FOR CAUSE AS FOLLOWS:

(SEE ATTACHED)

PRAYING THAT THE COURT WILL ORDER issuance of a Bench Warrant addressed to any United States Marshal or any other authorized officer within the United States of America, requiring the detention and return of Anthony Joseph Carlson before the United States District Court at Los Angeles, California, to show cause why his bond should not be revoked.

THIS IS A NO BAIL WARRANT

ORDER OF COURT

Considered and ordered this 19th day of Jan., 2022 and ordered filed and made a part of the records in the above case.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing and/or attached is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on January 19, 2022

United States District Judge HONOR/BLE PERCY ANDERSON

**ILEEN RODRIGUES** 

U.S. Probation & Pretrial Services Officer

Place: Los Angeles, California

U.S.A. VS Anthony Joseph Carlson Docket No 2:21-CR-00521-PA-1

### RESPECTFULLY PRESENTING PETITION FOR ACTION OF COURT FOR CAUSE AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. On December 1, 2021, the defendant submitted a drug test which yielded positive results for amphetamines and benzodiazepines.
- 2. On December 15, 2021, the defendant failed to comply with the Court orders in Oakland County, Michigan, by failing to appear for his probation violation hearing and clearing his warrant as ordered by this Court.
- 3. On January 13, 2022, the defendant left his residence without permission.
- 4. On January 15, 2022, the defendant tampered with his location monitoring device.
- 5. On January 15, 2022, the defendant failed to return home by his curfew.
- 6. On January 17, 2022, the defendant's location monitoring device was removed without permission.

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#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

June 2021 Grand Jury

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, aka "A.J.," aka "Ajay," and CALVIN ANDREW WESTBERG,

Defendants.

CR 2:21-cr-00521-PA

#### INDICTMENT

[18 U.S.C. § 1349: Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 1030(a)(2)(c), (c)(2)(B)(i), (c)(2)(B)(ii): Unauthorized Access to a Protected Computer to Obtain Information; 18 U.S.C. § 1028A(a)(1): Aggravated Identity Theft; 18 U.S.C. § 2(a): Aiding and Abetting; 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 982, 1030, and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c): Criminal Forfeiture]

The Grand Jury charges:

#### INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

At times relevant to this Indictment:

#### A. Defendants

- Defendant ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka")
   "A.J.," aka "Ajay" ("CARLSON"), was a resident of the Central
   District of California.
- 2. Defendant CALVIN ANDREW WESTBERG ("WESTBERG") was a resident of the District of Minnesota.

#### B. Accounts

- 3. Facebook, Inc. ("Facebook"), located in Menlo Park,
  California, operated computers used by subscribers of both the
  Facebook and Instagram services all over the world in interstate and
  foreign commerce and communications.
- 4. Google LLC ("Google"), located in Mountain View,
  California, operated computers used by subscribers all over the world
  in interstate and foreign commerce and communications.
- 5. Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft"), located in Redmond, Washington, operated computers used by subscribers of the Microsoft, Hotmail and Skype services all over the world in interstate and foreign commerce and communications.
- 6. AT&T Corporation ("AT&T") was a telecommunications company headquartered in Dallas, Texas that operated AT&T Wireless.
- 7. PayPal, Inc. ("PayPal") operated a worldwide online payment system that supported online money transfers, headquartered in San Jose, California.
- 8. Coinbase was a company specializing in the exchange of digital currency, headquartered in San Francisco, California.
  - 9. Binance was a Taiwan-based cryptocurrency exchange.

#### C. Definitions

10. A Subscriber Identity Module ("SIM") card was a chip located inside a cell phone that stored information identifying and authenticating a cell phone subscriber. When a cell phone carrier reassigned a phone number from one physical phone to another -- such as when a customer purchased a new phone but wanted to retain the same number -- the carrier switched the assignment of the cell phone

- number from the SIM card in the old phone to the SIM card in the new phone, a process sometimes called "porting" a number.
- 11. "SIM swapping" referred to the process of inducing a carrier to reassign a cell phone number from the legitimate subscriber or user's SIM card to a SIM card controlled by another without the legitimate subscriber or user's authorization.
- 12. "Cryptocurrency" was an umbrella term for digital currency in which encryption and blockchain technologies were used to regulate the generation of units of currency and verify the transfer of funds, generally with relative anonymity. Bitcoin, Ethereum, and Litecoin were all cryptocurrencies. Some cryptocurrency users maintained online "wallets" with cryptocurrency exchanges such as Coinbase and Binance.

#### COUNT ONE

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[18 U.S.C. § 1349]

The Grand Jury re-alleges and incorporates here paragraphs 13. 1 through 12 of the Introductory Allegations and Definitions of this Indictment.

#### OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

- Beginning on an unknown date, but no later than on or about December 9, 2017, and continuing through at least December 11, 2017, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka") "A.J.," aka "Ajay" ("CARLSON"), and an unindicted coconspirator ("UICC"), together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly conspired to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.
- В. MEANS BY WHICH THE OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY WAS TO BE ACCOMPLISHED
- The object of the conspiracy was to be accomplished, in substance, as follows:
- Defendant CARLSON and the UICC would identify potential victims who they believed possessed cryptocurrency.
- Defendant CARLSON and the UICC would obtain personal identifying information for the victim and the victim's cell phone number.
- With defendant CARLSON listening through his computer, the UICC would call employees at cell phone carrier stores while posing as an employee of the carrier at another local store. UICC would claim that the computer at his purported store was inoperative and that he was with a customer who needed to have their

or other coconspirators.

- (d) The UICC would cause the victim's cell phone number to be SIM swapped by using false information and representations to convince the carrier's employee to port the number from the victim's cell phone to a cell phone controlled by defendant CARLSON, the UICC
- (e) Defendant CARLSON and the UICC would cause passwordreset information and codes for the victim's email account to be sent
  via text message to the phone controlled by defendant CARLSON, the
  UICC, or other coconspirators.
- (f) Defendant CARLSON and the UICC would then access the victim's email account, obtain information, and identify the victim's financial accounts containing cryptocurrency.
- (g) Defendant CARLSON and the UICC or other coconspirators would access the victim's financial accounts and change the passwords.
- (h) Defendant CARLSON and the UICC or other coconspirators, while accessing the victim's financial accounts without authorization and posing as the victim, would request a purchase of cryptocurrency.

#### C. OVERT ACTS

16. In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to accomplish its object, defendant CARLSON and the UICC, together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, on or about the dates set forth below, committed and caused to be committed various overt acts, in the Central District of California and elsewhere, including, but not limited to, the following:

Overt Act No. 1: On or before December 9, 2017, defendant CARLSON and the UICC, or other coconspirators, obtained the cell phone number for Victim 1 and another potential victim, as well as the last four digits of Victim 1's social security number.

Overt Act No. 2: On December 9 and 10, 2017, with defendant CARLSON listening through his computer, the UICC called employees at various AT&T cellular service stores while himself posing as an AT&T employee, claiming that the computer at the UICC's store was down and that the UICC was with a customer who needed to have their number ported to a new device, and requested that the employees port the number for him.

Overt Act No. 3: On December 9, 2017, during one of the calls to an AT&T store by the UICC, the UICC provided an AT&T employee with a potential victim's phone number and address in an unsuccessful attempt to convince the AT&T employee to port the phone number for the potential victim.

Overt Act No. 4: On December 10, 2017, while the UICC was calling various AT&T stores to induce SIM swapping, defendant CARLSON and another unindicted coconspirator communicated via Skype about "the AT&T Method."

Overt Act No. 5: On December 10, 2017, during one of the calls to an AT&T store by the UICC, the UICC provided an AT&T employee with Victim 1's cell phone number and the last four digits of Victim 1's social security number.

Overt Act No. 6: On December 10, 2017, as a result of the UICC's false and fraudulent representations to the AT&T employee, defendant CARLSON and the UICC caused Victim 1's cell number to be

SIM swapped by convincing that AT&T employee to port the number from Victim 1's cell phone to a device controlled by defendant CARLSON.

Overt Act No. 7: On December 10, 2017, defendant CARLSON, the

UICC, or other coconspirators, requested a password reset of Victim
1's Hotmail account, causing Microsoft to text a password reset code
to a cell phone device controlled by defendant CARLSON or other
coconspirators.

Overt Act No. 8: On December 10, 2017, after receiving the Microsoft password reset code, defendant CARLSON forwarded the code to the UICC during an online chat between defendant CARLSON and the UICC, so that the UICC or other coconspirators could reset the password of Victim 1's Hotmail account and access the account without authorization for the purposes of stealing Bitcoin from Victim 1.

Overt Act No. 9: On December 10, 2017, while Victim 1's

Hotmail account was being accessed without authorization, in order to

identify Victim 1's cryptocurrency accounts and to steal

cryptocurrency from Victim 1, the UICC stated to defendant CARLSON

aloud via Google Hangouts, "What are we looking for? Bitcoin."

Overt Act No. 10: On December 10, 2017, defendant CARLSON and the UICC, or other coconspirators, without authorization, then accessed Victim 1's Hotmail account to identify Victim 1's cryptocurrency and related financial accounts in order to steal Bitcoin from Victim 1.

Overt Act No. 11: On December 10, 2017, defendant CARLSON and the UICC, or other coconspirators, without authorization, reset Victim 1's Coinbase account password using two-factor authentication.

Overt Act No. 12: On December 10, 2017, while accessing Victim 1's Coinbase account without authorization, defendant CARLSON and the

UICC, or other coconspirators, initiated a request for the purchase of .6333 Bitcoin (then valued at approximately \$10,000).

Overt Act No. 13: On December 11, 2017, pursuant to the coconspirators' fraudulent December 10, 2017 purchase request to Coinbase, defendant CARLSON, the UICC, or other coconspirators caused a transfer of approximately \$10,000 to be initiated from Victim 1's Bank of America account ending in 5471, which was linked to Victim 1's Coinbase account, over which defendant CARLSON and the coconspirators then had control.

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COUNT TWO

[18 U.S.C. §§ 1030(a)(2)(C), (c)(2)(B)(i), (c)(2)(B)(ii); 2(a)]

17. On or about December 10, 2017, in Los Angeles County,
within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant
ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka") "A.J.," aka "Ajay," and
an unindicted coconspirator, each aiding and abetting the other,
intentionally accessed a computer without authorization and thereby
obtained information from a protected computer, as that term is
defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1030(e)(2)(B), that
is, from the email server(s) of Microsoft Corporation, for the
purpose of private financial gain and in furtherance of a criminal
act, to wit, conspiracy to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title
18, United States Code, Section 1349.

[18 U.S.C.  $\S\S$  1028A(a)(1); 2(a)]

COUNT THREE

18. Beginning on an unknown date, but no later than on or about December 9, 2017, and continuing through at least December 11, 2017, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka") "A.J.," aka "Ajay" ("CARLSON"), and an unindicted coconspirator, each aiding and abetting the other, knowingly transferred, possessed, and used, without lawful authority, means of identification that defendant CARLSON knew belonged to another person, during and in relation to the offense of conspiracy to commit wire fraud, a felony violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349, as charged in Count One of this Indictment.

#### COUNT FOUR

[18 U.S.C. § 1349]

1 through 12 of the Introductory Allegations and Definitions of this

The Grand Jury re-alleges and incorporates here paragraphs

The object of the conspiracy was to be accomplished, in

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OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

Indictment.

19.

20. Beginning on an unknown date, but no later than on or about

December 14, 2017, and continuing through at least January 2, 2018, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and

elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka")

"A.J.," aka "Ajay" ("CARLSON"), and CALVIN ANDREW WESTBERG

("WESTBERG"), together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, knowingly conspired to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title

18, United States Code, Section 1343. MEANS BY WHICH THE OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY WAS TO BE

ACCOMPLISHED

substance, as follows:

Defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG would identify potential victims who they believed possessed cryptocurrency.

(b) Defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG would conduct online research regarding their potential victims.

Defendant CARLSON and/or unknown coconspirators, using

false information and pretenses, would engage in SIM swapping in order to take control of a victim's cell phone number.

Defendants CARLSON, WESTBERG, and/or unknown coconspirators would obtain unauthorized access to the SIM swapping

victim's Facebook account.

- (e) Once they had access, defendants CARLSON, WESTBERG, and/or unknown coconspirators would pose as the SIM swapping victim and communicate with the victim's friends on Facebook and request cryptocurrency, typically claiming that the cryptocurrency was needed quickly for a business venture and offering to pay a premium because there was not enough time to obtain the cryptocurrency from a traditional exchange.
- (f) While communicating with the SIM swapping victim's friends, defendants CARLSON and/or WESTBERG would specify cryptocurrency wallets for the receipt of cryptocurrency.
- (g) By posing as the SIM swapping victim, defendants CARLSON and/or WESTBERG would cause the SIM swapping victim's friends to transfer funds into the cryptocurrency wallets that had been specified.
- (h) Defendant CARLSON would receive the fraudulently obtained cryptocurrency either directly or indirectly into one of his cryptocurrency wallets.
- (i) Defendant CARLSON would transfer a portion of the cryptocurrency to defendant WESTBERG's cryptocurrency wallets.

#### F. OVERT ACTS

22. In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to accomplish its object, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG, together with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, on or about the dates set forth below, committed and caused to be committed various overt acts, in the Central District of California and elsewhere, including, but not limited to, the following:

Overt Act No. 1: On December 23, 2017, defendant WESTBERG conducted online searches for Victim 2 and visited Victim 2's Twitter page.

Overt Act No. 2: On December 23, 2017, while Victim 2 was overseas, defendant CARLSON and/or other unknown coconspirators SIM swapped Victim 2's cell phone number to a phone controlled by defendant CARLSON or another coconspirator.

Overt Act No. 3: On December 23, 2017, defendant CARLSON or other coconspirators caused password reset information and codes for Victim 2's Facebook account to be sent to defendant CARLSON or another coconspirator.

Overt Act No. 4: Between December 23, 2017 and December 24, 2017, defendant WESTBERG accessed, without authorization, Victim 2's Facebook account.

Overt Act No. 5: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and/or WESTBERG, posing as Victim 2, and communicating through Victim 2's hacked Facebook account, contacted M.S. about an investment opportunity, asking, "Hey, do you have any bitcoin? I have a big investor with me looking to get into crypto!," and offering to pay for the cryptocurrency "plus 10 percent" because the "big investor" could not wait for the transfer to be done through Coinbase.

Overt Act No. 6: On or about December 23, 2017, because M.S. advised he was unable to provide the requested cryptocurrency, defendants CARLSON and/or WESTBERG or other coconspirators contacted Victim 3, a friend of M.S., to request cryptocurrency for the purported business transaction.

Overt Act No. 7: On December 23, 2017, in an effort to prove to Victim 3 that the business opportunity was legitimate and induce

Victim 3 to provide cryptocurrency, defendant CARLSON sent a test payment of \$1.00 from defendant CARLSON's PayPal account ending in 6281 to Victim 3's PayPal account.

Overt Act No. 8: On December 23, 2017, after sending the \$1.00 test payment, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 3 to send approximately one Bitcoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$14,000, to a wallet ending in JVSq.

Overt Act No. 9: On December 23, 2017, posing as Victim 2 and communicating through Victim 2's hacked Facebook account, defendants CARLSON and/or WESTBERG contacted Victim 4 with a purported business opportunity, and requested cryptocurrency from Victim 4 in exchange for various premiums to be paid back to Victim 4, purportedly in order to avoid waiting for the funds to clear from a traditional cryptocurrency exchange, stating, "Takes 8 days for the exchanges to get it into your wallet. Yes, I have an investor with me that's willing to pay well. I cant [sic] wait for coinbase."

Overt Act No. 10: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately .30226 Bitcoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$4,544.58, to a wallet ending in HDHjy.

Overt Act No. 11: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately 13.85255 Litecoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$4,003.52, to defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in bR8a8.

Overt Act No. 12: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately 3.00063 Ethereum, then the equivalent of approximately \$2,124.59, to defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in 60Ba5.

Overt Act No. 13: On December 23, 2017, defendant CARLSON sent a payment of approximately 1.44989 Ethereum, then the equivalent of approximately \$1,000.43, from defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in 60Ba5 to defendant WESTBERG's Coinbase wallet ending in 62F5c.

Overt Act No. 14: On December 23, 2017, defendant CARLSON sent a payment of approximately 6.0025506 Litecoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$1,670.44, from defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in bR8a8 to defendant WESTBERG's Coinbase wallet ending in zLaoV.

Overt Act No. 15: On December 23, 2017, defendant WESTBERG sent a payment of approximately 1.0818825 Ethereum, then the equivalent of approximately \$750.44, from defendant WESTBERG's Coinbase wallet ending in 62F5c to defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in 77f88.

Overt Act No. 16: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately 6.0025512 Litecoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$1,679.69, to defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in WwPis.

Overt Act No. 17: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately 1.70063 Ethereum, then the equivalent of approximately \$1,174.96, to defendant CARLSON's Coinbase wallet ending in 6d097.

Overt Act No. 18: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 4 to send approximately .0287879 Bitcoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$412.27, to a wallet ending in 2hUxf.

Overt Act No. 19: On December 23, 2017, defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG caused Victim 3 to send approximately 1 Bitcoin, then the equivalent of approximately \$14,715.00, to a wallet ending in yJVSq. On December 23, 2017, defendant CARLSON Overt Act No. 20: received into his Coinbase wallet ending in WwPis a payment of approximately .001 Ethereum, then the equivalent of approximately \$.66, from Victim 4. On January 2, 2018, defendant CARLSON Overt Act No. 21: received into his Binance wallet ending in bgRBo Victim 3's and Victim 4's Bitcoin from the wallets ending in yJVSq, HDHjy and 2hUxf. 

#### COUNT FIVE

[18 U.S.C. §§ 1030(a)(2)(C), (c)(2)(B)(i), (c)(2)(B)(ii); 2(a)] 23. On or about December 23, 2017, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka") "A.J.," aka "Ajay," and CALVIN ANDREW WESTBERG, each aiding and abetting the other, intentionally accessed a computer without authorization and thereby obtained information from a protected computer, as that term is defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1030(e)(2)(B), that is, from the servers of Facebook, Inc., for the purpose of private financial gain and in furtherance of a criminal act, to wit, conspiracy to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

[18 U.S.C. §§ 1028A(a)(1); 2(a)]

COUNT SIX

24. Beginning on an unknown date, but no later than on or about December 14, 2017, and continuing through at least January 2, 2018, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendants ANTHONY JOSEPH CARLSON, also known as ("aka") "A.J.," aka "Ajay" ("CARLSON"), and CALVIN ANDREW WESTBERG ("WESTBERG"), each aiding and abetting the other, knowingly transferred, possessed, and used, without lawful authority, means of identification that defendants CARLSON and WESTBERG each knew belonged to another person, during and in relation to the offense of conspiracy to commit wire fraud, a felony violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349, as charged in Count Four of this Indictment.

#### FORFEITURE ALLEGATION ONE

[18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c)]

1. Pursuant to Rule 32.2 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, notice is hereby given that the United States of America will seek forfeiture as part of any sentence, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), in the event of any defendant's conviction of the offenses set forth in any of Counts One, Three, Four and Six of this Indictment.

- 2. Any defendant so convicted shall forfeit to the United States of America the following:
- (a) All right, title, and interest in any and all property, real or personal, constituting, or derived from, any proceeds traceable to the offenses; and
- (b) To the extent such property is not available for forfeiture, a sum of money equal to the total value of the property described in subparagraph (a).
- 3. Pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), any defendant so convicted shall forfeit substitute property, up to the value of the property described in the preceding paragraph if, as the result of any act or omission of said defendant, the property described in the preceding paragraph or any portion thereof (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; (b) has been transferred, sold to, or deposited with a third party; (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court; (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or (e) has been commingled with other property that cannot be divided without difficulty.

#### FORFEITURE ALLEGATION TWO

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[18 U.S.C. §§ 982 and 1030]

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Pursuant to Rule 32.2(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal 1. Procedure, notice is hereby given that the United States will seek forfeiture as part of any sentence, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(a)(2) and 1030, in the event of any defendant's conviction of the offenses set forth in either of Counts Two or Five of this Indictment.

- Any defendant so convicted shall forfeit to the United 2. States of America the following:
- All right, title, and interest in any and all property, real or personal, constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as a result of the offense:
- (b) Any property used or intended to be used to commit the offense; and
- To the extent such property is not available for forfeiture, a sum of money equal to the total value of the property described in subparagraphs (a) and (b).
- 3. Pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(b)(1) and 1030(i), any defendant so convicted shall forfeit substitute property, up to the total value of the property described in the preceding paragraph if, as the result of any act or omission of the defendant, the property described in the preceding paragraph, or any portion thereof: (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; (b) has been transferred, sold to or deposited with a third party; (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the

1 court; (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or (e) has been commingled with other property that cannot be divided without 2 3 difficulty. 4 5 A TRUE BILL 6 7 Foreperson 8 TRACY L. WILKISON 9 Acting United States Attorney 10 11 CHRISTOPHER D. GRIGG 12 Assistant United States Attorney 13 Chief, National Security Division CAMERON L. SCHROEDER 14 Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Cyber & Intellectual 15 Property Crimes Section 16 LISA E. FELDMAN Assistant United States Attorney 17 Cyber & Intellectual Property Crimes Section 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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